| Course N | No. Course Name | L-T-P - Credits | | Year of roduction |
|--|--|---|-----------------------|----------------------|
| MA20 | 2 Probability distributions, Transforms and Numerical Methods | 3-1-0-4 | | 2016 |
| Prerequis | site: Nil | | | |
| Course O | bjectives | | | |
| • To | introduce the concept of random variables, probabil | lity distributions, s | specific | discrete |
| | d continuous distributions with practical application | in various Engine | ering a | nd social |
| | e situations. | $A \mid A \mid A$ | | |
| | know Laplace and Fourier transforms which has wi | de application in a | all Engi | neering |
| | urses. | | | |
| • To Syllabus | enable the students to solve various engineering pr | roblems using nun | nerical | methods. |
| Continuous Fourier tra Laplace T Numerica ordinary d Expected After the (i) Discret | ndom variables and Discrete Probability Distribution. s Random variables and Continuous Probability Distribution ansforms. I methods-solution of Algebraic and transcendental F al solution of system of Equations. Numerical I lifferential equation of First order. d outcome . completion of the course student is expected to have ete and continuous probability density functions and ace and Fourier transforms and apply them in their F | Equations, Interpo Integration, Num ve concept of special probabilit | erical : y distril | |
| | oks: iller and Freund's "Probability and statistics for Engi win Kreyszig, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics" | | | |
| C. Jay Steep | ces: Sundarapandian, "Probability, Statistics and Queuin Ray Wylie and Louis C. Barrett, "Advanced Engineering L. Devore, "Probability and Statistics for Engineering an even C. Chapra and Raymond P. Canale, "Numerical lition-Mc Graw Hill. | g Mathematics"-Six nd Science"-Eight I | th Editi Edition. | on. |
| | Course Plan | 1 | | |
| Module | Contents | H | lours | Sem. Exam Marks |
| | Discrete Probability Distributions. (Relevant top | ics in | | Marks |
| Ι | section 4.1,4,2,4.4,4.6 Text1) Discrete Random Variables, Probability distribution Cumulative distribution function. Mean and Variance of Discrete Probability Distribution Binomial Distribution-Mean and variance. Poisson Approximation to the Binomial Distribution distribution-Mean and variance. | ution. | 2 2 2 2 | IVIAI KS |

| | Continuous Probability Distributions. (Relevant topics in | | |
|---------------------|---|------------|---------|
| | section 5.1,5.2,5.5,5.7 Text1) | | |
| II | Continuous Random Variable, Probability density function, | 2 | |
| | Cumulative density function, Mean and variance. | - | |
| | Normal Distribution, Mean and variance (without proof). | 4 | |
| | Uniform Distribution. Mean and variance. | | |
| | Exponential Distribution, Mean and variance. | 2 2 | |
| | | _ | |
| | A DI A DIDI IL IZALA | | 15% |
| | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION | $\sqrt{1}$ | 4 7 4 1 |
| | Fourier Integrals and transforms. (Relevant topics in section | T. | 15% |
| | 11.7, 11.8, 11.9 Text2) | 2 | |
| III | Fourier Integrals. Fourier integral theorem (without proof). | 3 | |
| | Fourier Transform and inverse transform. | 3 3 | |
| | Fourier Sine & Cosine Transform, inverse transform. | 3 | |
| | | | 15% |
| | Laplace transforms. (Relevant topics in section | | 1.5 /0 |
| | 6.1,6.2,6.3,6.5,6.6 Text2) | | |
| | | | |
| | Laplace Transforms, linearity, first shifting Theorem. | 3 | |
| | | | |
| | Transform of derivative and Integral, Inverse Laplace | 4 | |
| IV | transform, Solution of ordinary differential equation using | | |
| | Laplace transform. | | |
| | | | |
| | Unit step function, second shifting theorem. | 2 | |
| | | | |
| | Convolution Theorem (without proof). | 2 | |
| | | | |
| | Differentiation and Integration of transforms. | 2 | |
| | SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | 200/ |
| | Numerical Techniques.(Relevant topics in section.19.1,19.2,19.3 Text2) | | 20% |
| | section.19.1,19.2,19.5 Text2) | | |
| | Solution Of equations by Iteration, Newton- Raphson Method. | 2 | |
| • 7 | Solution of equations by heration, Newton Raphson Method. | 2 | |
| V | Interpolation of Unequal intervals-Lagrange's Interpolation | 2 | |
| | formula. | _ | |
| | Interpolation of Equal intervals-Newton's forward difference | 3 | |
| | formula, Newton's Backward difference formula. | | |
| | | | 2004 |
| | Numerical Techniques . (Relevant topics in section | | 20% |
| | 19.5,20.1,20.3, 21.1 Text2) Solution to linear System, Gauss Elimination, Gauss Saidal | 3 | |
| X 7 T | Solution to linear System- Gauss Elimination, Gauss Seidal Iteration Method. | 3 | |
| VI | | 2 | |
| | Numeric Integration-Trapezoidal Rule, Simpson's 1/3 Rule. Numerical solution of firstorder ODE-Euler method, | 3 | |
| | Runge-Kutta Method (fourth order). | 3 | |
| | | [| |
| | END SEMESTER EXAM | | |

QUESTION PAPER PATTERN:

Maximum Marks : 100

Exam Duration: 3 hours

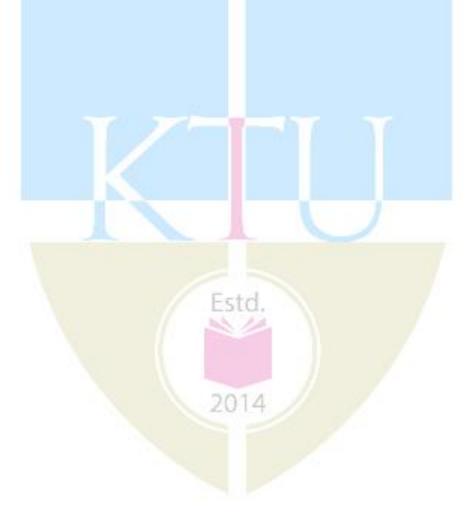
The question paper will consist of 3 parts.

Part A will have 3 questions of 15 marks each uniformly covering modules I and II. Each question may have two sub questions.

Part B will have 3 questions of 15 marks each uniformly covering modules III and IV. Each question may have two sub questions.

Part C will have 3 questions of 20 marks each uniformly covering modules V and VI. Each question may have three sub questions.

Any two questions from each part have to be answered.



| Course No | Course Name | L-T-P-Credits | Year of | Introduction |
|--------------|--|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|
| EE202 | Synchronous and Induction Machines | 3-1-0-4 | | 2016 |
| Prerequisite | | | | |
| Course Ob | ojectives | | | |
| То | give exposure to the students about the co | ncepts of alter | nating curr | ent machines |
| includin | g the Constructional details, principle of opera | tion and perform | mance analy | ysis. |
| То | learn the characteristics of induction machines | and to learn ho | w it can be | employed fo |
| various | applications. | | N.A. | |
| Syllabus | APLADULI | NALA | 1VI | |
| Alte | ernators – basic principle, constructional detail | s, armature win | dings, arma | ature reaction |
| voltage | regulation and determination of regulation by | different method | ods; paralle | l operation o |
| alternato | ors and synchronization; Synchronous motor | rs – principle, | performanc | e and powe |
| relations | ; synchronous induction motors. | I I Y | | |
| Ind | uction motors – basic principle, rotating | magnetic field | , construct | ional details |
| mechani | cal power and torque, performance analys | sis, starting me | ethods, bra | king, testing |
| equivale | ent circuit and circle diagrams; single phase inc | luction motors. | | |
| Ind | uction generator – principle of operation. | | | |
| Expected (| Dutcome | | | |
| Aft | er the successful completion of this course, the | e students will b | e able to | |
| 1. | identify alternator types, and appreciate their I | performance | | |
| | determine the voltage regulation and analyse t | | | |
| | describe the principle of operation of synchron | | | |
| | describe the principle of operation of 3-phase | induction motor | rs and selec | t appropriate |
| | motor types for different applications. analyse the performance of 3-phase induction | motors | | |
| | familiarize with principle of operation and ap | | hase induc | tion motors. |
| | | | | |
| Text Book | | | 11 | |
| 1. Bin | nbra P. S., <i>Electrical Machinery</i> , 7/e, Khanna I | Publishers, 201 | 1. | |
| 2. Nag | grath J. and D. P. Kothari, <i>Theory of AC Mach</i> | ines, Tata McG | raw Hill, 20 | 006. |
| Reference | | | | |
| - | M. G., The Performance and Design of A. C. | <i>Machines</i> , C B | S Publisher | rs, New |
| | hi, 2002. | | (/. M.C. | 11:11 2002 |
| | gerald A. E., C. Kingsley and S. Umans, <i>Elect</i> gsdorf M. N., <i>Theory of Alternating Current N</i> | | - | - |
| | shpande M. V., <i>Electrical Machines</i> , Prentice I | | | |
| | urles I. Hubert, Electric Machines, Pearson, Ne | | 2011,201 | |
| | odore Wilde, Electrical Machines, Drives and | | Pearson Ed | d. Asia 2001. |
| | Course Pla | n | | |
| Module | Contents | | Hours | Semester Exam Marks |
| | Alternators - basic principle, constructional | features of | | |
| | salient pole type and cylindrical type | | | |
| Ι | advantages of stationary armature, turbo-altern | | 8 hours | 15% |
| - | Armature winding – types of armature wir | | | |
| | layer, double layer, full pitched and short pitch | | | |
| | rayer, double rayer, run priched and short plic | neu winding, | | |

| | slot angle, pitch factor and distribution factor – numerical problems. | | |
|-----|--|----------|-----|
| | Effect of pitch factor on harmonics – advantages of short chorded winding, EMF Equation – numerical problems. | | |
| | Harmonics in generated EMF – suppression of harmonics. | | |
| II | Performance of an alternator – Causes for voltage drop in alternators – armature resistance, armature leakage reactance – armature reaction, synchronous reactance, synchronous impedance, experimental determination – phasor diagram of a loaded alternator. Voltage regulation – EMF, MMF, ZPF and ASA methods | 9 hours | 15% |
| | numerical problems. | | |
| | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | |
| | Theory of salient pole machine – Blondel's two reaction theory – direct axis and quadrature axis synchronous reactances – phasor diagram and determination of X_d and | | |
| III | X_q by slip test. Parallel operation of alternators – necessity of parallel operation of alternators, methods of synchronisation– dark lamp method and bright lamp method, synchroscope, Synchronising current, synchronising power, synchronising torque. Effects of changing excitation of alternators, load sharing of two alternators in parallel operation. | 9 hours | 15% |
| IV | Synchronous motor – construction and principle of synchronous motor, methods of starting.Effects of excitation on armature current and power factor, v-curve and inverter v-curve, load angle, torque and power relationship, phasor diagram, losses and efficiency calculations.Three phase induction motor – constructional features, slip ring and cage types. Theory of induction motor with constant mutual flux, slip, phasor diagram, expression for mechanical power and torque, torque-slip characteristics, starting torque, full load and pull out torque, equivalent circuit. | 9 hours | 15% |
| | SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION | 1 | L |
| V | Circle diagrams – tests on induction motors for determination of equivalent circuit and circle diagram. | 10 hours | 20% |

| | Cogging, crawling and noise production in cage motors – remedial measures. |
|----|--|
| | Double cage induction motor – principle, torque-slip curves. |
| | Starting of induction motors – types of starters – DOL starter, autotransformer starter, star-delta starter, rotor |
| | resistance starter – starting torque and starting current- numerical problems. Braking of induction motors – plugging, dynamic braking and regenerative braking (no numerical problems). |
| | Speed control – stator voltage control, V/f control, rotor resistance control. |
| | Induction generator – principle of operation, grid connected and self excited operation, comparison of induction generator with synchronous generators. Synchronous induction motor – principle of operation. |
| VI | Synchronous induction motor – principle of operation.Single-phase induction motor – double field revolving10 hourstheory, equivalent circuit, torque slip curve. |
| | Types of single phase induction motor – split phase, capacitor start, capacitor start and run types. |
| | Principle of shaded pole motor – applications. END SEMESTER EXAM |
| | END SEWIESTER EXAM |

Part A: 8 questions.

One question from each module of Module I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI.

Estd.

Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40

Part B: 3 questions uniformly covering modules I&II

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part C: 3 questions uniformly covering modules III&IV

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part D: 3 questions uniformly covering modules V&VI

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Note: Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions, if needed.

| Course No. | Course Name | L-T-P -Credits | Year of |
|----------------------------------|---|------------------------|----------------------|
| | | | Introduction |
| EE204 | Digital Electronics and Logic Design | 2-1-0-3 | 2016 |
| Prerequisite : | Nil | | |
| Course Objec | tives | | |
| To impart kno | wledge about digital logic and to gain the ab | ility to design vario | us digital circuits |
| Syllabus | TECHNOLOG | TCA | |
| Review of N | umber Systems and Codes, Digital Logic | , Combinational L | ogic Circuits, Data |
| _ | rcuits, Arithmetic Circuits, Flip-Flops, Re | - | DACs and ADCs, |
| Design of sync | chronous Sequential Circuits, Introduction to | HDL. | |
| Expected ou | tcome. | | |
| After the suc | cessful completion of the course, the student | will be able to: | |
| | with various number systems and Boolean al | • | |
| | d analyse any digital logic gate circuits and I with combinational circuits | Flip flop based syste | ems. |
| | apability of implementing various counters, | | |
| | he operation of ADC and DAC circuits as a circuits as a circuits as a circuit of the circuit of | | |
| 6. acquire bar Text Book: | | | |
| 1. Floyd T.L, | Digital Fundamentals , 10/e, Pearson Educa | tion, 2011 | |
| 2. C.H.Roth a | and L.L.Kimney Fundamentals of Logic Des | ign, 7/e, Cengage L | earning, 2013 |
| References: | Estd. | | |
| 1. Donald P | Leach, Albert Paul Malvino and GoutamSah | na., Digital Principle | es and Applications, |
| 8/e, by M | c Graw Hill | | |
| 2. Mano M. | M, Logic and Computer Design Fundamenta | als, 4/e, , Pearson E | ducation. |
| 3. Tocci R.J | and N.S.Widmer, Digital Systems, Principle | s and Applications, | , 11/e, , Pearson |
| Education | 1. | | |
| 4. John F. W | Vakerly, Digital Design: Principles and Pract | ices, 4/e, , Pearson, | 2005 |
| 5. Taub & S | chilling: Digital Integrated Electronics, McC | braw Hill,1997 | |
| | - | | |
| | | | |
| Data Book (| Approved for use in the examination):Nil | | |
| 2 200A (| | | |

| | Course Plan | | |
|--------|---|---------|---------------|
| Module | Contents | Hours | Sem.ExamMarks |
| Ι | Number Systems and Codes : Binary, Octal and hexadecimal conversions- ASCII code, Excess -3 code, Gray code, Error detection and correction - Parity generators and checkers – Fixed point and floating point arithmetic. Binary addition and subtraction, unsigned and signed numbers, 1's complement and 2's complement arithmetic. | 7 hours | 15% |
| П | TTL logic and CMOS logic - Logic gates, Universal gates - Boolean Laws and theorems, Sum of Products method, Product of Sum method – K map representation and simplification(upto four variables) - Pairs, Quads, Octets, Dont care conditions. | 7 hours | 15% |
| | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | |
| III | Combinational circuits: Adders _ Full adder and half adder – Subtractors, halfsubtractor and fullsubtractor – Carry Look ahead adders – ALU(block diagram only). Multiplexers, Demultiplexers, Encoders, BCD to decimel decoders. | 7 hours | 15% |
| IV | Sequential circuits: Flip-Flops, SR, JK, D and T flip-flops,JK Master Slave Flip-flop, Conversion of flip-flops,Registers -SISO,SIPO, PISO, PIPO.Counters : Asynchronous Counters – Modulus of a counter– Mod N counters. | 8 hours | 15% |
| | SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | I |
| V | Synchronous counters: Preset and clear modes, CounterSynthesis: Ring counter, Johnson Counter, Mod N counter,Decade counter.State Machines: State transition diagram, Moore and Mealy Machines – Design equation and circuit diagram. | 7 hours | 20% |
| VI | Digital to Analog conversion – R-2R ladder, weighted resistors. Analog to Digital Conversion - Flash ADC, Successive approximation, Integrating ADC. | 8 hours | 20% |

| 5 | es, Read and Write, Addressing, ROMs, PROMs, RAMs, Sequential Programmab | le | | |
|-----|--|-----|--|--|
| | - PAL, PLA, FPGA (Introduction and ba | | | |
| | Introduction to VHDL, Implementation of AND, OR, half adder and full adder. | | | |
| API | ABDUL KAI | AM | | |
| TFČ | END SEMESTER EXAM | CAI | | |

Part A: 8 questions.

One question from each module of Module I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI.

Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40

Part B: 3 questions uniformly covering modules I&II

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part C: 3 questions uniformly covering modules III&IV

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part D: 3 questions uniformly covering modules V&VI

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Note: Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions, if needed.

2014

| | lo. Course Name | L-T-P -Cre | dits Ye | ar of Introduction |
|--|--|---|---|---------------------------------|
| EE206 | MATERIAL SCIENCE | 3-0-0-3 | | 2016 |
| Prerequis | ite : Nil | | | |
| Course O To | | ial science and th | eir applicati | ons in electrical |
| Syllabus: | | | | |
| Magnetic liquid and Spectrosco Expected | ig materials- properties-applications- So materials-classification-alloys of iron d gaseous insulators-Dielectric break opy-micropscopy-magnetic resonance-r Outcome: completion of the course student will be | n-ferrites-Dielect adown-supercond anomaterials | ric material | s-polarization-solid, |
| | | | in a motorial | 0 |
| | scribe the characteristics of conducting assify magnetic materials and describe | | | |
| Classing Standard Decomposition Classing | assify and describe different insulators tic and alternating fields escribe the mechanisms of breakdown in assify and describe Solar energy mater in knowledge in the modern techniques | and to explain th a solids, liquids a als and supercon | e behaviour nd gases ducting mat | of dielectrics in |
| | <u> </u> | | 1105 | |
| | K: A.J : Electrical Engineering Materials, thal : Electrical Engg Material Science. | | | |
| Reference | es: | | | |
| Me Na in Na in S. In Chance | reev, Electrical Engineerin Materials, N einal A.B and Meinal M. P., Applied So sser E., <i>Fundamentals of Gaseous Ionis</i> Plasma Physics, 1971 idu M. S. and V. Kamaraju, <i>High Volta</i> dulkar O.S & Thiruvegadam S., An Int d nihotri O. P and Gupta B. K, Solar selev | olar Energy – An <i>zation and Plasm</i> ge Engineering, roduction to elec | <i>a Electronic</i> Tata McGra trical Engin | s, Wiley Series w Hill, 2004 |
| | - | | | |
| 0 | n. S.P and Gubla P. V. A Course in Ele | спісаї спрінеені | | Dhanpathrai |
| 0 | h. S.P and Gupta P. V, A Course in Ele | | ig widterials | , Dhanpathrai |
| 0 | | irse Plan | Hours | , Dhanpathrai Sem.ExamMarks |
| 7. Set | Conducting Materials: Conductivity- dep | endence on | | |
| 7. Set | Contents | endence on for electrical | Hours | |
| 7. Set | Contents Conducting Materials: Conductivity- dep temperature and composition – Materials applications such as resistance, machines, Semiconductor Materials: Concept, materials | endence on for electrical solders etc. | Hours 8 | |
| 7. Set | Contents Conducting Materials: Conductivity- dep temperature and composition – Materials applications such as resistance, machines, | endence on for electrical solders etc. | Hours 8 | |
| 7. Set | Contents Conducting Materials: Conductivity- dep temperature and composition – Materials applications such as resistance, machines, Semiconductor Materials: Concept, mater – Basic ideas of Compound semiconductor | endence on for electrical solders etc. ials and properties ors, amorphous and | Hours 8 | Sem.ExamMarks |
| 7. Set | Conducting Materials: Conductivity- dep temperature and composition – Materials applications such as resistance, machines, Semiconductor Materials: Concept, mater – Basic ideas of Compound semiconductor organic semiconductors- applications. Dielectrics: Introduction to Dielectric pol classification –Clausius Mosotti relation- | endence on for electrical solders etc. ials and properties ors, amorphous and arization and Behavior of | Hours 8 | |

| | organic, liquid and gaseous insulators- capacitor materials- | |
|-----|---|-----|
| | Electro-negative gases- properties and application of SF6 gas | |
| | and its mixtures with nitrogen | |
| | Ferro electricity. | |
| | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION | |
| III | Dielectric Breakdown: Mechanism of breakdown in gases, liquids and solids -basic theories including Townsend's criterion, Streamer mechanism, suspended particle theory, intrinsic breakdown, electro-mechanical breakdown- Factors influencing Ageing of insulators- Application of vacuum insulation- Breakdown in high vacuum-Basics of treatment and testing of transformer oil .7 | 15% |
| IV | Magnetic Materials: Origin of permanent magnetic dipoles- Classification of magnetic materials -Curie-Weiss law- Properties and application of iron, alloys of iron- Hard and soft magnetic materials – Ferrites- Magnetic materials used in electrical machines, instruments and relays-7 | 15% |
| | SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION | |
| V | SuperconductorMaterials:-BasicConcept-types-characteristics-applications7SolarEnergyMaterials:Photothermalconversion-SolarselectivecoatingsforenergycollectionPhotovoltaicconversionSolarcells-Silicon,CadmiumsulphideandGalliumarsenicOrganicsolarcells. | 20% |
| VI | Modern Techniques for materials studies: Optical 7 microscopy – Electron microscopy – Photo electron 7 spectroscopy – Atomic absorption spectroscopy – 1 Introduction to Biomaterials and Nanomaterials 6 | 20% |
| | END SEMESTER EXAM | |

Part A: 8 questions.

One question from each module of Module I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI. Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40

Part B: 3 questions uniformly covering modules I&II.

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part C: 3 questions uniformly covering modules III&IV. Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part D: 3 questions uniformly covering modules V&VI. Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$ **Note:** Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions, if needed.

| Course N | o. Course Name | L-T-P-Credits | Year | of Introduction |
|-----------|--|--|--------------|------------------|
| EE208 | MEASUREMENTS AND INSTRUMENTATION | 3-1-0-4 | | 2016 |
| Prerequis | | | | |
| Course O | 0 | | | |
| | o develop understanding of various electric | al measuring instrume | ents and | instrumentation |
| | evices | | _ | |
| Syllabus | ADI ADDI II | ing the state of the state | m of also | trical matana |
| | ents standards, errors in measurements, operat ent of voltage, current, resistance, power, ener | | | |
| | ents, ac potentiometers, ac bridges, CRO, Tra | | , in current | is. Magnetie |
| | Outcomes: | | 21 | |
| | completion of the course student will be able to | | 1 have | |
| 1. Con | npare different types of instruments-their worl | king principles, advantag | ges and d | isadvantages. |
| | lain the operating principles of various ammet | ers, voltmeters and ohm | meters | |
| | cribe wattmetrs and energy meters | | | |
| | cribe different flux and permeability measuren | | | |
| | tify different AC potentiometers and bridges, | | | |
| | lerstand the working and applications of cathoo tify the transducers for physical variables and | | inciple | |
| Text Bool | | to describe operating pr | merpie | |
| | hney A.K., A course in Electrical and Electron | nic Measurements & ins | trumenta | tion DhannatRai |
| | . Gupta, A course in Electrical & Electronic M | | | - |
| Son | | - 1 A A A | | |
| 3. Kals | si H. S., Electronic Instrumentation, 3/e, Tata N | McGraw Hill, New Delh | i, 2012 | |
| Reference | | , í | , | |
| | ding E.W., Electrical Measurements & Measur | C | er Pub. | |
| | per W.D., Modern Electronics Instrumentation | | | |
| | at M.B., Basic Electrical Measurements, Prenti | | | |
| | ver & Cage, Electronic Measurements & Instru | | | McCrown IIII |
| | Doebelin and D.N Manik, Doebelin's Mea cation (India) Pvt. Ltd. | asurements Systems, si | xin editi | on, McGraw Hill |
| | irkait, B.Biswas, S.Das and C. Koley, | Electrical and Electr | onics M | easurements and |
| | rumentation, McGraw Hill Education (India) F | | | leasurements and |
| | · Estu. | , | | |
| | Cours | e Plan | | |
| Module | Contents | | Hours | Sem.ExamMarks |
| | General principles of measurements – | - | | |
| | measurement standards – characteristics - e | | | |
| | calibration of meters- significance of IS stand | | | |
| Ι | Classification of meters - operating forces - opera | | 9 | 15% |
| | Ammeters and voltmeters - moving | | | |
| | constructional details and operating, pr | | | |
| | | 1 | | |
| | | | | |
| | multipliers – extension of range. Measurement of resistance: measurem | ment of insulation | | |
| | multipliers – extension of range. | | | |
| | multipliers – extension of range. Measurement of resistance: measurem | | | |
| п | multipliers – extension of range. Measurement of resistance: measurement resistance - loss of charge method, me | easurement of earth | 10 | 15% |
| II | multipliers – extension of range. Measurement of resistance: measurement resistance - loss of charge method, measurement of power and energy: Dynamor 1-phase and 3-phase power measurement – | easurement of earth meter type wattmeter – - 1-phase and 3-phase | 10 | 15% |
| II | multipliers – extension of range. Measurement of resistance: measurement of charge method, more resistance. Measurement of power and energy: Dynamore | easurement of earth meter type wattmeter – - 1-phase and 3-phase | 10 | 15% |

| Introduction to high voltage and high current measurements: Measurement of high DC voltages - measurement of high AC voltages - electrostatic voltmeters – sphere gaps - DC Hall effect sensors - high current measurements. Study of Phasor Measurement Units (PMU). Current transformers and potential transformers – principle | 9 | 150/ |
|--|--|---|
| working, ratio and phase angle errors – numerical problems, Clamp on meters. | K. A | 15% |
| flux meter - hall effect Gaussmeter - BH curve and permeability measurement - hysteresis measurement- ballistic galvanometer – principle- determination of BH curve - hysteresis loop. Lloyd Fisher square — measurement of iron losses Measurement of rotational speed using proximity sensors and optical sensors. | <u>9</u> | 15% |
| DC & AC potentiometers - General Principle - calibration of ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter using potentiometer. AC Bridges: Maxwell's bridge- Schering bridge and Wien's bridge Oscilloscopes – Basic principle of signal display - Block diagram and principle of operation of general purpose CRO - vertical deflecting system - horizontal deflection system - basic sweep generator - XY mode and Lissajous patterns - applications of CRO - dual trace oscilloscope. | 9 | 20% |
| Transducers - Definition and classification - common transducers for measurement of displacement, velocity, flow, liquid level, force, pressure, strain and temperature - basic principles and working of LVDT, electromagnetic and ultrasonic flow meters, piezoelectricforce transducer, load cell, strain gauge- bridge configuration for four strain gauges, RTD, Thermistors, thermocouple, Need for instrumentation system, data acquisition system. | 9 | 20% |
| | Magnetic Measurements: Measurement of flux and permeability - flux meter - hall effect Gaussmeter - BH curve and permeability measurement - hysteresis measurement- ballistic galvanometer - principle- determination of BH curve - hysteresis loop. Lloyd Fisher square - measurement of iron losses Measurement of rotational speed using proximity sensors and optical sensors. SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION DC & AC potentiometers - General Principle - calibration of ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter using potentiometer. AC Bridges: Maxwell's bridge- Schering bridge and Wien's bridge Oscilloscopes - Basic principle of signal display - Block diagram and principle of operation of general purpose CRO - vertical deflecting system - horizontal deflection system - basic sweep generator - XY mode and Lissajous patterns - applications of CRO - dual trace oscilloscope. digital storage oscilloscope Transducers - Definition and classification - common transducers for measurement of displacement, velocity, flow, liquid level, force, pressure, strain and temperature - basic principles and working of LVDT, electromagnetic and ultrasonic flow meters, piezoelectricforce transducer, load cell, strain gauge- bridge configuration for four strain gauges, RTD, Thermistors, thermocouple, | Magnetic Measurements: Measurement of flux and permeability-flux meter - hall effect Gaussmeter - BH curve and permeability measurement - hysteresis measurement- ballistic galvanometer - principle- determination of BH curve - hysteresis loop. Lloyd 9 Fisher square — measurement of iron losses 9 Measurement of rotational speed using proximity sensors and optical sensors. 9 SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION DC & AC potentiometers - General Principle - calibration of ammeter, voltmeter and wattmeter using potentiometer. AC Bridges: Maxwell's bridge- Schering bridge and Wien's bridge 9 Oscilloscopes – Basic principle of signal display - Block diagram and principle of operation of general purpose CRO - vertical 9 9 deflecting system - horizontal deflection system - basic sweep generator - XY mode and Lissajous patterns - applications of CRO - dual trace oscilloscope. 9 Transducers - Definition and classification - common transducers for measurement of displacement, velocity, flow, liquid level, force, pressure, strain and temperature - basic principles and working of LVDT, electromagnetic and ultrasonic flow meters, piezoelectricforce transducer, load cell, strain gauge- bridge onfiguration for four strain gauges, RTD, Thermistors, thermocouple, 9 Need for instrumentation system, data acquisition system. 9 |

Part A: 8 questions.

One question from each module of Module I - IV; and two each from Module V & VI. Student has to answer all questions. (8 x5)=40 **Part B**: 3 questions uniformly covering modules I&II

Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Part C: 3 questions uniformly covering modules III&IV Student has to answer any 2 questions: (2 x 10) =20

Part D: 3 questions uniformly covering modules V&VI Student has to answer any 2 questions: $(2 \times 10) = 20$

Note: Each question can have maximum of 4 sub questions, if needed.

| Course code | Course Name | L-T-P - Credits | Year of | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|-----------------|--------------|--|--|
| | | | Introduction | | |
| HS200 | Business Economics | 3-0-0-3 | 2016 | | |
| Prerequisite: Nil | | | | | |

Course Objectives

- To familiarize the prospective engineers with elementary Principles of Economics and Business Economics.
- To acquaint the students with tools and techniques that are useful in their profession in Business Decision Making which will enhance their employability;
- To apply business analysis to the "firm" under different market conditions;
- To apply economic models to examine current economic scenario and evaluate policy options for addressing economic issues
- To gain understanding of some Macroeconomic concepts to improve their ability to understand the business climate;
- To prepare and analyse various business tools like balance sheet, cost benefit analysis and rate of returns at an elementary level

Syllabus

Business Economics - basic concepts, tools and analysis, scarcity and choices , resource allocation, marginal analysis, opportunity costs and production possibility curve. Fundamentals of microeconomics - Demand and Supply Analysis, equilibrium, elasticity, production and production function, cost analysis, break-even analysis and markets. Basics of macroeconomics - the circular flow models, national income analysis, inflation, trade cycles, money and credit, and monetary policy. Business decisions - investment analysis, Capital Budgeting decisions, forecasting techniques and elementary Balance Sheet and taxation, business financing, international investments

Expected outcome.

A student who has undergone this course would be able to

- i. make investment decisions based on capital budgeting methods in alignment with microeconomic and macroeconomic theories.
- ii. able to analyse the profitability of the firm, economy of operation, determination of price under various market situations with good grasp on the effect of trade cycles in business.
- iii. gain knowledge on Monetary theory, measures by RBI in controlling interest rate and emerging concepts like Bit Coin.
- iv. gain knowledge of elementary accounting concepts used for preparing balance sheet and interpretation of balance sheet

Text Books

- 1. Geetika, Piyali Ghosh and Chodhury, Managerial Economics, Tata McGraw Hill, 2015
- 2. Gregory Mankiw, Principles of Macroeconomics, Cengage Learning, 2006.
- 3. M.Kasi Reddy and S.Saraswathi, *Economics and Financial Accounting*. Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.

References:

- 1. Dornbusch, Fischer and Startz, Macroeconomics, McGraw Hill, 11th edition, 2010.
- 2. Khan M Y, Indian Financial System, Tata McGraw Hill, 7th edition, 2011.
- 3. Samuelson, Managerial Economics, 6th edition, Wiley
- 4. Snyder C and Nicholson W, *Fundamentals of Microeconomics*, Cengage Learning (India), 2010.
- 5. Truett, Managerial Economics: Analysis, Problems, Cases, 8th Edition, Wiley
- 6. Welch, *Economics: Theory and Practice* 7th Edition, Wiley
- 7. Uma Kapila, Indian Economy Since Independence, 26th Edition: A Comprehensive and Critical Analysis of India's Economy, 1947-2015
- 8. C Rangarajan, *Indian Economy, Essays on monetary and finance*, UBS Publishers'Distributors, 1998
- 9. A.Ramachandra Aryasri, *Managerial Economics and Financial Analysis*, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 10. Dominick Salvatore, *Managerial Economics in Global Economy*, Thomas Western College Publishing, Singapore.
- 11. I.M. Pandey, Financial Management, Vikas Publishing House. New Delhi.
- 12. Dominick Salvatore, *Theory and Problems of Micro Economic Theory*. Tata Mac Graw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 13. T.N.Hajela. Money, Banking and Public Finance. Anne Books. New Delhi.
- 14. G.S.Gupta. Macro Economics-Theory and Applications. Tata Mac Graw-Hill, New Delhi.
- 15. Yogesh, Maheswari, Management Economics, PHI learning, NewDelhi, 2012
- 16. Timothy Taylor, Principles of Economics, 3rd edition, TEXTBOOK MEDIA.
- 17. Varshney and Maheshwari. Managerial Economics. Sultan Chand. New Delhi

| | Course Plan | | |
|--------|---|-------|--------------------|
| Module | Contents | Hours | Sem. Exam Marks |
| I | Business Economics and its role in managerial decision making- meaning-scope-relevance-economic problems-scarcity Vs choice (2 Hrs)-Basic concepts in economics-scarcity, choice, resource allocation- Trade-off-opportunity cost-marginal analysis- marginal utility theory, Law of diminishing marginal utility -production possibility curve (2 Hrs) | 4 | 15% |
| II | Basics of Micro Economics I Demand and Supply analysis- equillibrium-elasticity (demand and supply) (3 Hrs.) -Production concepts-average product-marginal product-law of variable proportions- Production function-Cobb Douglas function-problems (3 Hrs.) | 6 | 15% |
| | FIRST INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | |
| III | Basics of Micro Economics II Concept of costs-marginal, average, fixed, variable costs-cost curves-shut down point-long run and short run (3 Hrs.)- Break Even Analysis-Problem-Markets-Perfect Competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Oligopoly-Cartel and collusion (3 Hrs.). | 6 | 15% |
| IV | Basics of Macro Economics - Circular flow of income-two sector and multi-sector models- National Income Concepts-Measurement methods-problems-Inflation, deflation (4 Hrs.)-Trade cycles-Money- stock and flow concept-Quantity theory of money-Fischer's Equation and Cambridge Equation -velocity of circulation of money-credit control methods-SLR, CRR, Open Market Operations-Repo and Reverse Repo rate-emerging concepts in money-bit coin (4 Hrs.). | 8 | 15% |

| SECOND INTERNAL EXAMINATION | | | |
|-----------------------------|--|-----|-----|
| | Business Decisions I-Investment analysis-Capital Budgeting-NPV, | | 20% |
| V | IRR, Profitability Index, ARR, Payback Period (5 Hrs.)- Business | | |
| | decisions under certainty-uncertainty-selection of alternatives-risk | 9 | |
| | and sensitivity- cost benefit analysis-resource management (4 Hrs.). | | |
| | Business Decisions II Balance sheet preparation-principles and | | 20% |
| | interpretation-forecasting techniques (7 Hrs.)-business financing- | | |
| VI | sources of capital- Capital and money markets-international | 9 | |
| | financing-FDI, FPI, FII-Basic Principles of taxation-direct tax, | | |
| | indirect tax-GST (2 hrs.). | 1 | |
| | FND SEMESTER EXAM | V.L | |

END SEMESTER EXAM

Question Paper Pattern

Max. marks: 100, Time: 3 hours

The question paper shall consist of three parts

Part A

4 questions uniformly covering modules I and II. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks = 30 marks)

Part B

4 questions uniformly covering modules III and IV. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any three questions out of 4 (3X10 marks =30 marks)

Part C

6 questions uniformly covering modules V and VI. Each question carries 10 marks Students will have to answer any four questions out of 6 (4X10 marks =40 marks)

Note: In all parts, each question can have a maximum of four sub questions, if needed.

| Course code | Course Name | L-T-P- Credits | Year of Introduction |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------------|
| HS210 | LIFE SKILLS | 2-0-2 | 2016 |
| Prerequisite : | Nil | | |

Course Objectives

- To develop communication competence in prospective engineers.
- To enable them to convey thoughts and ideas with clarity and focus.
- To develop report writing skills.
- To equip them to face interview & Group Discussion.
- To inculcate critical thinking process.
- To prepare them on problem solving skills.
- To provide symbolic, verbal, and graphical interpretations of statements in a problem description.
- To understand team dynamics & effectiveness.
- To create an awareness on Engineering Ethics and Human Values.
- To instill Moral and Social Values, Loyalty and also to learn to appreciate the rights of others.
- To learn leadership qualities and practice them.

Syllabus

Communication Skill: Introduction to Communication, The Process of Communication, Barriers to Communication, Listening Skills, Writing Skills, Technical Writing, Letter Writing, Job Application, Report Writing, Non-verbal Communication and Body Language, Interview Skills, Group Discussion, Presentation Skills, Technology-based Communication.

Critical Thinking & Problem Solving: Creativity, Lateral thinking, Critical thinking, Multiple Intelligence, Problem Solving, Six thinking hats, Mind Mapping & Analytical Thinking.

Teamwork: Groups, Teams, Group Vs Teams, Team formation process, Stages of Group, Group Dynamics, Managing Team Performance & Team Conflicts.

Ethics, Moral & Professional Values: Human Values, Civic Rights, Engineering Ethics, Engineering as Social Experimentation, Environmental Ethics, Global Issues, Code of Ethics like ASME, ASCE, IEEE.

Leadership Skills: Leadership, Levels of Leadership, Making of a leader, Types of leadership, Transactions Vs Transformational Leadership, VUCA Leaders, DART Leadership, Leadership Grid & leadership Formulation.

Expected outcome

The students will be able to

- Communicate effectively.
- Make effective presentations.
- Write different types of reports.
- Face interview & group discussion.
- Critically think on a particular problem.
- Solve problems.
- Work in Group & Teams
- Handle Engineering Ethics and Human Values.
- Become an effective leader.

Resource Book:

Life Skills for Engineers, Complied by ICT Academy of Kerala, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2016

References:

- Barun K. Mitra; (2011), "Personality Development & Soft Skills", First Edition; Oxford Publishers.
- Kalyana; (2015) "Soft Skill for Managers"; First Edition; Wiley Publishing Ltd.
- Larry James (2016); "The First Book of Life Skills"; First Edition; Embassy Books.
- Shalini Verma (2014); "Development of Life Skills and Professional Practice"; First Edition; Sultan Chand (G/L) & Company
- John C. Maxwell (2014); "The 5 Levels of Leadership", Centre Street, A division of Hachette Book Group Inc.

| | Course Plan | | | |
|--------|---|-----------------|---|-----------------------|
| Module | Contents | Hou L-T L | | Sem. Exam Marks |
| Ι | Need for Effective Communication, Levels of communication; Flow of communication; Use of language in communication; Communication networks; Significance of technical communication, Types of barriers; Miscommunication; Noise; Overcoming measures, Listening as an active skill; Types of Listeners; Listening for general content; Listening to fill up information; Intensive Listening; Listening for specific information; Developing effective listening skills; Barriers to effective listening skills. Technical Writing: Differences between technical and literary style, Elements of style; Common Errors, Letter Writing: Formal, informal and demi-official letters; business letters, Job Application: Cover letter, Differences between bio-data, CV and Resume, Report Writing: Basics of Report Writing; Structure of a report; Types of reports. Non-verbal Communication and Body Language: Forms of non-verbal communication; Interpreting body-language cues; Kinesics; Proxemics; Chronemics; Effective use of body language Interview Skills: Types of Interviews; Ensuring success in job interviews; Appropriate use of non-verbal communication, Group Discussion: Differences between group discussion and debate; Ensuring success in group discussions, Presentation Skills: Oral presentation and public speaking skills; business presentations, Technology-based Communication: Netiquettes: effective e-mail messages; power-point presentation; enhancing editing skills using computer software. | 2 | 2 | See evaluation scheme |

| II | Need for Creativity in the 21st century, Imagination, Intuition, Experience, Sources of Creativity, Lateral Thinking, Myths of creativity Critical thinking Vs Creative thinking, Functions of Left Brain & Right brain, Convergent & Divergent Thinking, Critical reading & Multiple Intelligence. Steps in problem solving, Problem Solving Techniques, Problem Solving through Six Thinking Hats, Mind Mapping, Forced Connections. Problem Solving strategies, Analytical Thinking and quantitative reasoning expressed in written form, Numeric, symbolic, and graphic reasoning, Solving application | 2 | 2 |
|----|--|---|---|
| | problems. Introduction to Groups and Teams, Team Composition, | | |
| Ш | Managing Team Performance, Importance of Group, Stages of Group, Group Cycle, Group thinking, getting acquainted, Clarifying expectations. Group Problem Solving, Achieving Group Consensus. Group Dynamics techniques, Group vs Team, Team Dynamics, Teams for enhancing productivity, Building & Managing Successful Virtual Teams. Managing Team Performance & Managing Conflict in Teams. Working Together in Teams, Team Decision-Making, Team | 3 | 2 |
| | Working Together in Teams, Team Decision-Waking, TeamCulture & Power, Team Leader Development.Morals, Values and Ethics, Integrity, Work Ethic, Service | 3 | |
| IV | Learning, Civic Virtue, Respect for Others, Living Peacefully. Caring, Sharing, Honesty, Courage, Valuing Time, Cooperation, Commitment, Empathy, Self-Confidence, Character Spirituality, Senses of 'Engineering Ethics', variety of moral issued, Types of inquiry, moral dilemmas, moral autonomy, Kohlberg's theory, Gilligan's theory, Consensus and controversy, Models of Professional Roles, Theories about right action, Self-interest, customs and religion, application of ethical theories. Engineering as experimentation, engineers as responsible | 3 | 2 |
| | experimenters, Codes of ethics, Balanced outlook on. The challenger case study, Multinational corporations, Environmental ethics, computer ethics, | 3 | 2 |

| | END SEMESTER EXAM | | | 1 |
|---|--|----|---|---|
| | Transactional vs Transformational Leaders, Leadership Grid, Effective Leaders, making of a Leader, Formulate Leadership | | 2 | |
| | Leadership Styles, VUCA Leadership, DART Leadership, | | | |
| | | | | |
| | Types of Leadership, Leadership Traits. | | | |
| | Implications of national culture and multicultural leadership | 2 | | |
| V | | | _ | |
| | trust, managing diverse stakeholders, crisis management | | 2 | |
| | Growing as a leader, turnaround leadership, gaining control, | 1 | | |
| | followers, crises. | 1 | | |
| | and development, cultural dimensions of leadership, style, | V1 | | |
| | entrepreneurial and moral leadership, vision, people selection | A | | |
| | Introduction, a framework for considering leadership, | 4 | | |
| | engineers(IETE), India, etc. | | | |
| | Management, Institution of electronics and telecommunication | C | | |
| | Institution of Engineers(India), Indian Institute of Materials | 3 | | |
| | engineers, engineers as expert witnesses and advisors, moral leadership, sample code of Ethics like ASME, ASCE, IEEE, | | | |
| | Weapons development, engineers as managers, consulting | | | |
| | | | | |

EVALUATION SCHEME

Internal Evaluation

(Conducted by the College)

Total Marks: 100

Part – A

(To be started after completion of Module 1 and to be completed by 30th working day of the semester)

1. Group Discussion – Create groups of about 10 students each and engage them on a GD on a suitable topic for about 20 minutes. Parameters to be used for evaluation is as follows;

| (i) | Communication Skills | 2 | 10 marks |
|-------|------------------------|---|----------|
| (ii) | Subject Clarity | - | 10 marks |
| (iii) | Group Dynamics | - | 10 marks |
| (iv) | Behaviors & Mannerisms | - | 10 marks |
| | | | |

(Marks: 40)

Part – B

(To be started from 31^{st} working day and to be completed before 60^{th} working day of the semester)

2. Presentation Skills – Identify a suitable topic and ask the students to prepare a presentation (preferably a power point presentation) for about 10 minutes. Parameters to be used for evaluation is as follows;

10 marks

10 marks

10 marks

- (i) Communication Skills*
- (ii) Platform Skills**
- (iii) Subject Clarity/Knowledge

(Marks: 30)

* Language fluency, auditability, voice modulation, rate of speech, listening, summarizes key learnings etc.

** Postures/Gestures, Smiles/Expressions, Movements, usage of floor area etc.

Part – C

(To be conducted before the termination of semester)

3. Sample Letter writing or report writing following the guidelines and procedures. Parameters to be used for evaluation is as follows;

| (i) | Usage of English & Grammar | - | 10 marks |
|-------|----------------------------|---|----------|
| (ii) | Following the format | | 10 marks |
| (iii) | Content clarity | - | 10 marks |

(*Marks: 30*)

External Evaluation (Conducted by the University)

Total Marks: 50

Time: 2 hrs.

Part – A

Short Answer questions

There will be one question from each area (five questions in total). Each question should be written in about maximum of 400 words. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows;

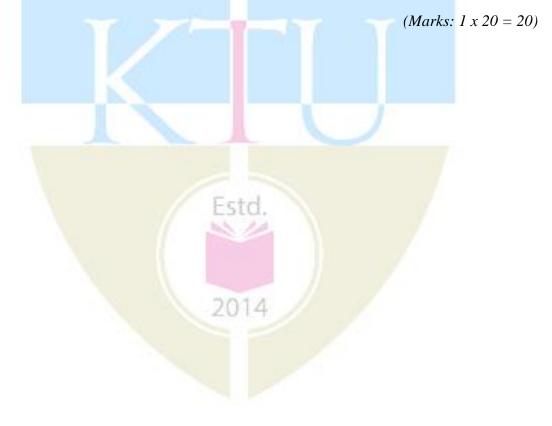
- (i) Content Clarity/Subject Knowledge
- (ii) Presentation style
- (iii) Organization of content

Part – B

Case Study

The students will be given a case study with questions at the end the students have to analyze the case and answer the question at the end. Parameters to be used for evaluation are as follows;

- (i) Analyze the case situation
- (ii) Key players/characters of the case
- (iii) Identification of the problem (both major & minor if exists)
- (iv) Bring out alternatives
- (v) Analyze each alternative against the problem
- (vi) Choose the best alternative
- (vii) Implement as solution
- (viii) Conclusion
- (ix) Answer the question at the end of the case



| Course No. | Course Name | L-T-P-Credits | Year of Introduction |
|--------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| EE232 | Electrical Machines Lab - I | 0-0-3-1 | 2016 |
| Course Objectiv | ves | | |
| To learn the w | vorking and testing methods of DC ma | chines and transformers | - |
| I : | DI A DI H | VATAN | 4 |
| List of Exercises | S/Experiments: | NALAIV | |
| Part A – DC Ma | chines HNOLC |)GICAI | |
| 1. Open circuit c | haracteristics of DC shunt generator | TTV | |
| Objectives: | UNIVER | | |
| v | mine the OCC at different speeds | | |
| | ne the critical field resistance | | |
| c) Obtain n | naximum voltage built up with given sl | hunt field resistance | |
| d) Obtain c | ritical speed for a given shunt field res | istance | |
| | C shunt generator | | |
| Objectives: | | | |
| , | ne the external & internal characteristic | cs | |
| · · | the armature reaction curve | | |
| | C compound generator | | |
| Objectives: | . 74 | | |
| | ne the external characteristics cumulati | | |
| | ne the external characteristics different | tial compound condition | 1 |
| 4. Brake test on I | JC shunt motor | | |
| Objectives: | Lessing a house stanistics | | |
| | lowing characteristics | | |
| , | ency Vs Output current Vs Output | | |
| | | | |
| / - | d Vs Output d Vs Torque | | |
| , 1 | current Vs Torque | | |
| 5. Brake test on I | | | |
| Objectives: | | | |
| 5 | lowing characteristics | | |
| | ency Vs Output 2014 | | |
| | current Vs Output | | |
| , | d Vs Output | | |
| / 1 | d Vs Torque | | |
| · · · | current Vs Torque | | |
| 6. Swinburne's te | est on a DC shunt machine | | |
| Objectives: | | | |
| | ne the armature current and percentage | • | - |
| | as a generator for various load condition | ons and plot efficiency V | s output curves. |
| - | est on a pair of DC machines | | |
| Objectives: | | | _ |
| Determinat | ion of the efficiency of the given dc sh | unt machine working a | s a motor and |

generator

under various load conditions.

- 8. Retardation test on a DC machine
 - Objectives:
 - a) Separation of hysteresis, eddy current, friction & windage losses
 - b) Find the moment of inertia of the rotating system
- 9. Separation of losses in a DC shunt motor
 - Objectives:
 - a) Separation of hysteresis, eddy current, friction & windage losses
 - b) Plot the losses vs speed curves

Part B – Transformers

10. O.C. & S.C. tests on the single phase transformer

Objectives:

- Predetermination of the following
 - a) Efficiency at different load conditions and different power factors
 - b) Regulation at different load conditions and different power factors
 - c) Equivalent circuit referred to HV and LV sides
 - d) UPF load at which efficiency is maximum
 - e) Power factors at which regulation is maximum and zero
 - f) Regulation vs. power factor curves
- 11. Load test on the single phase transformer

Objectives:

- a) Determination of the efficiency at different load conditions and unity power factor
- b) Determination of the regulation at different load conditions and unity power factor
- c) Plot efficient vs. output & regulation Vs output curves
- 12. Separation of losses in a single phase transformer
 - Objectives:

Separate the hysteresis & eddy current losses at different voltages & different frequencies keepingV/f constant & plot losses vs. frequency curves. Hence

- i) Separate the hysteresis & eddy current losses at normal voltage & different frequencies &
- plot losses vs. frequency curves 510
- ii) Separate the hysteresis & eddy current losses at normal frequency & different voltages &
- plot losses vs. voltage curves.
- 13. Sumpner's test

Objective:

- a) Predetermination of efficiency at different load conditions and power factors
- b) Predetermination of regulation at different load conditions and power factors
- c) Plot efficiency vs. output & regulation vs. power factor curves
- d) Obtain the equivalent circuit referred to LV & HV sides
- 14. Scott connection of single phase transformers

Objectives:

Determine the efficiency at different load conditions when

- a) Main transformer alone loaded
- b) Teaser transformer along loaded
- c) both transformers loaded under balanced conditions
- d) both transformers loaded under unbalanced conditions
- e) Plot efficiency vs. output curves for each case.

15. Parallel operation of single phase transformers

Objectives:

- a) To determine the load sharing of each transformer by their equivalent impedances
- b) To verify the load sharing by actual measurements
- 16. Three phase connection of single phase transformers

Objectives:

- a) Determine the polarity of single phase transformers
- b) Connect three single phase transformers in star-star configuration
- c) Connect three single phase transformers in star-delta configuration
- d) Determine the transformation ration in the above cases
- 17. O.C. & S.C. tests on the Three phase transformer

Objectives:

Predetermination of the following

- a) Efficiency at different load conditions and different power factors
- b) Regulation at different load conditions and different power factors
- c) Equivalent circuit referred to HV and LV sides
- 18. Load Test on V connected Transformers

Objectives:

Connect two single phase transformers in V-V connection and conduct a load test to plot the efficiency curve.

Out of the above experiments, minimum twelve experiments should be done in lab taking at least six experiments from both Part A and Part B.

Expected outcome:

After the successful completion of the course, the students will be able to test and validate DC generators, DC motors and transformers

After the successful completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Analyse the characteristics of different dc generators
- 2. Separate the losses in dc motors
- 3. Analyse the performance of different types of dc motors
- 4. Determine the performance characteristics of single phase transformers
- 5. Compare the performance of transformers in different modes of operations and connections

2014

Text Book:

- 1. Bimbra P. S., *Electrical Machinery*, 7/e, Khanna Publishers, 2011.
- 2. Theraja B. L., A Textbook of Electrical Technology, S. Chand & Company, New Delhi,
- 2008.

| Course No. | Course Name | L-T-P - Credits | Year of Introduction |
|-------------------|--|--------------------|-------------------------|
| EE234 | CIRCUITS AND MEASUREMENTS LAB | 0-0-3-1 | 2016 |
| Course Object | tives | | |
| To deve | elop measurement systems for various electrical cir | rcuits and system | ms and to use |
| differer | t transducers for measurement of physical variable | es. | |
| List of Exercis | ses/Experiments : (18 experiments are listed, out of | of which 12 exp | eriments are |
| mandatory). | I DI L DIDITI IZA | TALL | |
| | API ARINII KA | I A M | |
| | n of Superposition Theorem in dc circuits. | LIVIVI | |
| | n of Thevenin's Theorem in dc circuits. | (Δ) | |
| | ion of impedance, admittance, power factor and re | al/reactive/ app | arent power |
| | LC series/parallel circuits. | \vee | |
| | wer measurement using one wattmeter and two-wa | | |
| | ion of B-H curve, μ -H curve and μ -B curve of an i | | |
| | ent of voltmeter and ammeter resistances using Wh | | ge and Kelvin's |
| | ge and extension of range of voltmeters and amme ent of self/ mutual inductance and coupling co-effic | | adaail |
| and air-core | | | |
| | of meters and measurement of unknown resistanc | e using slide- w | ire |
| potentiome | | e using shae w | |
| 1 | of single phase energy meter by direct and phanto | m loading at va | rious power |
| factors. | | | 1 |
| 10. Calibration | of 3-phase energy meter using standard wattmeter | ·. | |
| | of wattmeter using Vernier dial potentiometer | | |
| | ent of capacitance using Scherin <mark>g</mark> Bridge. | | |
| | of instrument range by using Instrument transforme | ers(CT and PT) | |
| | tics of Thermistor, RTD, and Thermocouple | | |
| 15. Characteris | | | |
| | tics of strain gauge/ Load cell. | | |
| | ent of energy using electronic Energy meter/TOD r | neter | |
| Expected Out | asurement using Clamp on meter | | |
| 1 | letion of the course student will be able to: | | |
| - | e RLC circuits and coupled circuit to obtain the vo | ltage -current re | lations |
| | DC netwok theorems by setting up various network | | lations |
| | te the single phase and three phase energy meter at | | fagetors |
| | e power in a single and three phase circuits by vari | - | 1 |
| | ine magnetic characteristics of iron ring specimen | | |
| | e high and low resistances using various bridges | | |
| 7. Use Ele | ectronic energy meter, TOD meter and clamp on m | eter | |
| Text Book: | | | |
| | AK: A course in Electrical and Electronic Measure | ements & instru | mentation, |
| Dhanpat F | | 0 T | |
| - | : A course in Electrical & Electronic Measuremen | it & Instrumenta | ation., S K |
| Kataria & | | | |
| 3. Kalsi H. S. | . Electronic Instrumentation, 3/e, Tata McGraw Hill, N | ew Delhi 2012 | |

3. Kalsi H. S., Electronic Instrumentation, 3/e, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012